

THE PORTSMOUTH HERALD

VOL. XXXII, NO. 5.

PORTSMOUTH, N. H., THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 28, 1916.

Portsmouth Daily Republican Merged
with THE HERALD, July 1, 1902.

PRICE TWO CENTS.

REPUBLICANS IN SESSION AT CONCORD

Confidence in Victory is Expressed in
Every Address.—Col. John Bartlett is
President of the Convention

Concord, N. H., Sept. 28.—Enthusiasm based on actual expectation of victory in November marked the Republican state convention held here today, which was attended by nearly every delegate.

The following committee was appointed by Chairman Hall to bring in a list of convention officers: Arthur P. Merrill of Concord; Thomas Entwistle of Portsmouth; William F. Davis of Barrington; Edward H. Shannon of Laconia; Sewell W. Abbott of Wolfeboro; Stillman H. Baker of Hillsborough; Frank Buntress of Keene; Bernard Carey of Newport; Perley R. Bigbee of Hanover and Merrill Shurtleff of Lancaster.

The committee reported the following list:

President of convention, Hon. John H. Bartlett, Portsmouth.

Vice Presidents—Samuel K. Bell, Exeter; Harry L. Meader, Rochester; Charles E. Locke, Laconia; Nathan O. Weeks, Wakefield; Walter P. Duffy, Franklin; Trefilio Ralche, Manchester; Charles W. Fletcher, Rindge; Nathaniel P. Baker, Sunapee; Charles E. Emerson, Hanover; Alfred R. Evans, Gorham.

Secretaries—John G. M. Gleason, Bethlehem; John M. Morrison, Dover; Matthew E. Purridge, Winchester; Jeremiah Langley, Durham; E. Percy Stoddard, Portsmouth.

Committee on Resolutions—George H. Moses, Concord; Edward H. Watson, Nashua; Harold A. Webster, Holderness; Alfred F. Howard, Portsmouth; Fred Weisner, Somersworth; Oscar L. Young, Laconia; Walter D. H. Hill, Conway; John W. King, Walpole; Jesse M. Barton, Newport; Herbert Jacobs, Lancaster.

(Continued on Page Two.)

MORE RIOTING IN STREETS OF NEW YORK

Both Surface and Elevated
Cars Bombed by
Strikers.

(Special to The Herald)
New York, Sept. 28—While unions with a total membership of 164,500 were preparing to walk out today, striking traction employees continued their rioting in the streets of New York and many persons were hurt. Both surface and elevated cars were bombarded with stones and other missiles and at some points the police had to draw their revolvers. The unions expected to take action today, so the New York Building Trade with a membership of 150,000; the Teamsters, with a membership of 20,000; the machinists, with a membership of 45,000, and others. A general strike could not succeed without the support of the Building Trade Union, it was claimed.

BULGARIANS ARE REPULSED IN MACEDONIA

(Special to The Herald)

Paris, Sept. 28.—Another repulse for the Bulgarians in Western Macedonia was announced by the war office today. Two powerful attacks were made on Florina, but both were repulsed by the Franco-Russian troops.

THE WEATHER

Forecast for Portsmouth and vicinity—Thursday unsettled, probably followed by showers; Friday showers and cooler; fresh southerly winds.

Sun Rises.....5:35
Sun Sets.....6:31
Length of Day.....11:53
High Tide.....11:45 a.m.
Moon Sets.....6:14 p.m.
Light, Automobile Lamps at.....6:01 p.m.

(Continued on Page Two.)

THE FIREMEN MAKE A FINE APPEARANCE

Parade of Visiting Firemen and Local Department the Feature of Second Day of State Convention

Fair skies and ideal weather conditions favored the parade of the Portsmouth Fire department and the delegates to the New Hampshire State Firemen's Association which was held on Thursday morning. The line was formed on Court street and started promptly at 10:30 o'clock at a signal sounded on the fire alarm. The line of march was lined with spectators and applause was frequent, both the out of town delegates and the members of the local companies coming in for their share. A pretty incident of the long line of marchers was when they passed under the Hugo Hughes and Fairbanks campaign flag on Pleasant street, the marchers almost to a man doffed their hats to the flag.

Portsmouth has for two years in succession entertained the members of the New Hampshire State Firemen's Association and the appearance in today's parade certainly reflected great credit to the personnel of the State Association as well as to our local fire fighters. Although there were three bands of music in the parade, the absence of the Eureka flute and

drum band, which has been a fixture in firemen's parades for many years was noted.

The Procession

The procession was composed as follows:

Deputy Marshal George H. Ducker

Platoon of Police

Officers Philbrick, McLean, Kolley,

Murphy, Condon, Gray.

Chief Engineer William F. Woods

Assistant Engineers Herbert E. Wallace, Parley D. Hersey

Portsmouth City Band,

Howard S. Kneeland, Leader

Delegates and visiting firemen headed by Chief Engineer Thomas W. Lane of the Manchester department and

Chief Nathan Whaley of the Navy Yard department.

Exeter Brass Band

Hook and Ladder Co. No. 1

Cap. George Chandler

Lieut. John Downs

Clerk Willis P. Gray

Sagamore Engine Co. No. 1. Steamer

and Hose Wagon.

(Continued on Page Six.)

BELIEVED THAT GREECE WILL ENTER THE WAR

Although the English Foreign Office Has No Confirmation of the Same.

(Special to The Herald)

London, Sept. 28.—Announcement by the foreign office states that there is no official confirmation that Greece has entered the war on the side of the Allies. The Newsagency's report of Greece joining with the Allies, however, was passed by the British press.

If Greece is to enter the war on the side of the Allies she will at once put her great army on a war footing and it is believed that King Constantine has already signed an order for the mobilizing. The Greek army and navy will be provided with the necessary stores by the Allies.

HUGHES GIVEN
GREAT RECEPTION
AT TRENTON

(Special to The Herald)

Trenton, N. J., Sept. 28.—Republican party leaders gave Charles E. Hughes a rousing reception on his appearance here today. The candidate made only one address but was most enthusiastically received. Mr. Hughes goes to Saratoga Springs this afternoon where he will address the Republican state convention.

OUIMET SETS A
NEW RECORD AT
BRETTON WOODS

A 66 on Wednesday by Francis Ouimet set a new record over the Bretton Woods course. Roswell N. Mundy of Ardsley and James Mackrell, Bretton Woods club pro, were the former amateur and professional holders with 66.

Ouimet exceeded his only once during his day's play. This was on the troublesome 16th, with a drive in the rough and a too speedy approach netted a five, one over.

SEVEN NEW CASES REPORTED
IN BOSTON

Boston, Sept. 28.—The state department of health today reported twenty-three new cases of infantile paralysis for the past twenty-four hours. Seven of the new cases are in Boston.

Everybody's Store

Will be closed Thursday and
Friday but will open Saturday
at 9 A. M. with Big Specials
on Ladies' Coats and Suits!

\$22.50 Suits, special Saturday.....\$16.50
\$22.50 Velour Plush Coats, also Wool Velour Coats,
special Saturday.....\$18.50

SPECIAL FOR SATURDAY

IN OUR MEN'S CLOTHING DEPARTMENT.

With every suit purchased Saturday we will give a
\$2.00 Hat or a \$2.00 Pair of Pants.

Everybody's Store

(WE CLOTHE ALL)

Y. M. C. A. Building.

Portsmouth, N. H.

AIR RAID

OVER GERMAN AERODROME

CHICAGO MAN

DEFENDS WIFE WHO WAS SHOT

Russians and Germans Con-
tinue Engagements West
of the Riga.

(Special to The Herald)

Philadelphia, Sept. 28.—She's a girl who knows no wrong—square as a dollar. I'll stick to her to the end. Joseph DeLucie Chicago merchant and clubman thus took up the cudgel in behalf of his wife who was shot by Mrs. Harry Delzer of Brooklyn, who afterward killed Joseph C. Graver and herself when she found Graver and Mrs. Le Due in a room at the Walton hotel late Tuesday night. Le Due hastened to his wife's bedside by a brief telegram, which read: "Mayo been shot, come to the Jefferson hos-
pital."

For nearly two hours he was held in suspense before he was allowed to see his wife. When questioned by the police he stoutly defended her.

Mrs. J. C. Le Due at last burst into tears today to her husband and she made the first statement of the part she played in the Graver tragedy. She said she was visiting relatives in Philadelphia and accepted Graver's invitation to attend the theatre. After the theatre she went to her room at the hotel to get her husband. Almost immediately Mrs. Belzer burst into the room and began firing.

The great increase in the sales of the Portsmouth Herald fully attest that the people of our city appreciate a live newspaper.

New Fall Suits

For Women and Misses in
the latest New York Styles.

New Dress Skirts

New Wool Dress Skirts for
Fall Wear, Poplins, Sargos,
Shepard Checks and
Plaids.

New Fall Coats

For Women, Misses and
Children in Cloth, Velvet,
Plush and Velour, Velvet
and Fur Trimmed.

New Sweaters

All Wool Sweaters, colors
Old Rose, Purple, Copen-
hagen and Corn.
\$6.00, \$7.00 and \$7.50

Warm Blankets and Comforters FOR COLD NIGHTS.

Now is the time to be preparing for cold weather.
Buy now at the same low prices.

L. E. STAPLES, MARKET ST

GEO. B. FRENCH CO.

BLANKETS

Wool, Cotton and the Two Mixed.

Warm Blankets for Chilly Nights.

White Wool Blankets, pink or blue
borders.....\$4.00 to \$8.50

Cotton and Wool Blankets, white or
gray, colored borders.....\$3.00

Cotton Blankets, soft, warm and dur-
able.....89c to \$2.75

Blankets for the Baby, crib blankets,
dainty colorings.....49c, 75c, \$1.00

Wool Crib Blankets.....\$3.00 to \$4.50

COMFORTERS

Cotton filled Silkkoline covered Com-
forters.....\$1.50, \$1.98, \$2.50

Silk Muslin Covered, plain color bor-
ders, delicate colorings.....\$3.50

Wool Filled Comforters, choice col-
orings.....\$4.50

Down Filled Comforters in splendid
designs and colorings.....\$5.50

Small Comforters for the Children's
Beds, kindergarten figured center,
plain color border.....\$1.50

PILLION CASES

42x36 inches.....11c to 24c each

42x38½ inches.....18c to 25c each

45x36 inches.....24c, 26c each

SHEETS

Of Fine Quality Cottons.

54x90 inches.....69c, 87½c

63x90 inches.....75c, 95c

72x90 inches.....79c, \$1.00

81x90 inches.....85c, \$1.05

81x99 inches.....90c, \$1.15

GEO. B. FRENCH CO.

REPUBLICANS IN SESSION AT CONCORD

(Continued From Page One)

a thousand men, is full of enthusiasm and purpose, because we sincerely and thoroughly believe, deeply and keenly, that at this most critical time its distinctive principles and extraordinary candidates will best conserve the highest interests of the state and union.

It has seemed fitting for presiding officers at these conventions to speak of our issues and candidates, but our platform which you will soon adopt will be your complete and official guide.

The sudden world-wide political upheaval which was wrought by the outbreak of the terrible calamity in Europe, more than two years ago, has demanded new and original political thinking by the statesmen of the world. The hands on the dial of civilization were suddenly set back a thousand years. At a time when we had all come to believe that war was almost an impossibility and "peace-on-earth-and-goodwill-to-men" would forever rule the nations and peoples of the world, there began with feeble cause, and without warning, wholesale human slaughter among the leading Christian nations of the Eastern Hemisphere. We were dazed. It seemed like civilization going mad. Recognized rules of warfare were at once abandoned. Women and children were killed, the rights of neutrals violated, and a reign of "blood and iron" ensued, and is at this moment going on. It would not have been possible to have given to America any greater warning to prepare for her own defense at once. Mexico, incited by foreign plotters, increased its atrocities against American citizens. This became an additional reason for swift and strong means of defense. At this startling crisis in our history, when the official voice of America should have spoken with authority and been respected the world over, as it had in every crisis in its history, it spoke feebly and steadily, and its words spoke more feebly still. For then it certainly became our clear duty, instead of exhausting all our energies in the manufacture of munitions of war to add to the carnage abroad, to have applied all our resources to the most rapid, thorough and efficient protection and defense of our own country, producing an army and navy which, in our own soil, and in our own waters for defense, would be obliged to fear no army or navy in the whole world.

President Wilson's failure to rise to the occasion; his failure to outline a policy and speak with steady and sure meaning; and his initial vacillation became a veritable public advertisement in every foreign capital of the world that America had a weak executive and was wobbling between dollars and duty. With that signal of weakness given his prestige was lost. It was an invitation to the fiercely contending warring nations each to gain every possible advantage it could against the other, out of our weakness so long as that weakness lasted. There was not the slightest danger of either side in the European conflict except war against us; but they desired every possible advantage they could get short of war. Each side well knew that if the great wealth and resources of our country were seriously turned against it, it would be defeated. Do you think it was "difficult" under those circumstances to keep out of the war? Neither side could have been driven into a war with us. No other nation in the Americas got into the war. There was absolutely no need of our getting into the war with any kind of a clear policy of right which Europe could understand. The only danger lay in a blundering policy which no one could understand. And if we ever have been, or shall be, near getting into the war, it will be because we have abandoned the clear policy of strong independent Americanism and allowed the ship of state, unprepared for her voyage, to drift among the breakers while the wheel is wobbling in the hands of the pilot.

We sometimes hear our friends on the other side say they pity Wilson because he has had a hard time, of

Haven't you all noticed that the same thing is true of every school teacher you have ever had in your district who has failed in disciplining? As soon as the pupils size up his weakness he is in hot water all the time; and, pity him if you will, there is never any remedy in such a district except to hire a new teacher. We do not want to fight, of course. We did not want war, of course. But at that time when we were obliged to see the flower of American manhood and womanhood, by an unlawful and unspeakable act, clasp each other on the "free seas" and go down to oblivion, it was an exceedingly poor time for the spokesman of American rights to make a public speech and declare that he was "too proud to fight," particularly when he had a few months before warned these nations that he would hold them to strict accountability.

President Wilson not only made the fatal error of neglecting at the outbreak of the war to set about swiftly to secure adequate defense, but he continued that neglect for months and months thereafter. And still many months later he even recommended to Congress a ridiculously small naval program; and now, instead of attending to our sadly lacking defense, the heads of departments are away from their posts of duty, making political campaign speeches. And in addition to all this, which indicates to the world our unpreparedness, both in spirit and in substance, he kept on writing ill-considered notes to the warring nations, telling them the things he would do to them which he did not do, and which they could easily see he did not intend to do. Could there possibly have been done anything more to give us a reputation for spinelessness all over the world? Marvel not thereafter that the Mexicans came to despise us more than ever as "palefaced money-lenders." Marvel not thereafter that that weak, disorganized, half-breeding nation dared to insult our flag and murder our citizens. Marvel not thereafter that little bands of Mexicans had the audacity repeatedly to march over the Rio Grande bridges and invade American territory, committing atrocity after atrocity, murder after murder, plundering, looting, trains, raping and mauling women and children. Marvel not thereafter that that brave band of American cavalry was butchered in Mexico under a flag of truce. Marvel not thereafter an American warship carrying the American flag suffered the humiliation of being ordered to steam away from Tampico and leave American men, women and children, surrounded by a murderous Mexican mob, to be rescued and saved at length by ships of England and Germany. Yes, saved even by ships of England and Germany with whom Democrats boast that Wilson has kept us out of war. As Theodore Roosevelt well said, such feeble policy has weakened the morale of the nation.

President Wilson continued to neglect preparations for our national defense and continued his vacillating, weak and unsteady policy until at length the rank and file of the American people, from the Atlantic to the Pacific, stung to the quick by the repeated humiliations which had been poured upon them, arose with determination, demanding that he and his supine Congress assert our Americanism, and provide adequate defense. It was after the people, irrespective of party, had held preparedness parades and demonstrations of unprecedented proportions in the great cities of our country, clamoring for preparedness and demanding national defense; it was after the school children of the land had been carrying their little flags in the streets and singing "My Country, 'tis of Thee"; it was after the women of the land had become thoroughly incensed at the weakness of our flag to protect their sisters in Texas and Mexico that a naval program of considerable proportions was finally taken up and enacted by Republicans and Democrats alike; then it was that Democrats were made to feel for their own political safety that they had better put human flesh and blood above park and politics. It was after preparedness had been unceasingly clamored for by the people that the Democrats finally were driven to favor it.

But what ships or means of defense have they produced after more than two years of bloody warfaring? Does not the genius of this country match the genius of any country? Shall we confess our inferiority at a time when a war invention of a New Hampshire boy seems to be turning the tide in Europe? Yet during the time that Democrats in Congress have been only calling an appropriation for a navy, England and Germany have built a navy, the latter inventing and constructing that latest marvel of the sea, sending her all the way through the depths of the ocean to our shores, at last raising her head almost in sight of the White House, as it mockingly

inquired the fate of our navy appropriation bill. During this time the Democratic administration has allowed that the preservation of our liberties nevertheless, it went through and is a plenty of arms and ammunition to go to Mexico with which to fight ourselves and by which our own boys are now and he is fearless, and just enough to prophecy of four years ago that "that being killed, while we have scarcely enough for our own use."

Now that preparedness for defense is conceded by all to be an imperative duty, the question for the people is which party and under whose leadership is it most likely to be carried into swift, practical, consistent and resolute execution. That party in whose convention Bryan, the world-famed peace-at-any-price advocate, was the great hero, the party which was forced into it against its will after two years of shameful negligence, or the combined and reunited Republican and Progressive parties which take their inspiration from Abraham Lincoln, Grant, Garfield, and McKinley, not to mention living?

But notwithstanding the lamentable negligence of the Democratic administration in naval defense, it does not compare in folly with our woeful and humiliating unpreparedness by land, in view of the fact that for two or three years we have had the most direct and constant warnings through increasingly intolerable conditions in and near Mexico. Our opponents boast for campaign "blame" that we are at peace, and yet our citizens are being killed every day, and yet all available forces are on the border or in Mexico, and, more than that, so childishly unprepared were we that in our bungling confusion and indecision the administration took married men from New Hampshire with dependent families, laborers; if you please, at sixty cents a day, all to serve in one little corner of these United States in time of "peace." But perhaps the greatest travesty on an administration is the sudden appearance of about six thousands of our troops standing still on a sandy spot in the sun, two hundred miles into Mexico, where they have stood for weeks waiting for some kind of an order from Washington and rapidly becoming physical wrecks, many men being on the verge of, if not actually in, the first stages of insanity, while General Villa, once condoned by Wilson, with a reorganized army is attacking Mexican cities and some never-understandable conference is going on in Connecticut to settle a war that never existed. What is the policy? What does it mean? Have we not a right to know?

McKinley's swift and honorable war with Spain actually cost far less lives than Wilson's peace with Mexico has already cost, while his imbecile policy, on the Democratic governor of Texas calls it, may have developed such complications and ingratiated into the Mexican mind such an erroneous idea of us that a great war of horrible proportions may finally be the result. Can anyone doubt that a strong, consistent, resolute and forward-looking Executive, such as our candidate, would have checked this Mexican uprising at its very inception with such honor and dignity as would have been impressive, not only in Mexico but the world over? And can anyone doubt that the executive laxity of the Democratic administration has had some influence in the alarming spread of outbreaks of acts of violence, dynamiting, bomb throwing, train wrecking and acts of traitors and anarchists which have appalled the people of this country in the last few years and which are not on the increase in America? Do we not need more than ever a strong, hard, strong-minded and fearless executive at Washington?

But in addition to the question of Americanism and defense, the question of Free Trade versus Protection should make our state at this time overwhelmingly Republican. Those few months of Democratic free-trade tariff which intervened after the removal of the tariff and before the great war began witnessed a perfect flood of foreign-cheap-labor goods to this country. When the war is over, the tariff still being off, that ruinous flood will start again with renewed rush, with the impoverished European labor working at even lower wages. Why, only a few weeks ago Japan, preparing for this rush, passed a fourteen-hour-day law making it good for ten years and to include women and children. Is there any possible doubt that we should check that ruinous foreign competition by a tariff which measures, at least, the difference in wages? That is Republican doctrine. But what seems to be turning the tide in Europe? Yet during the time that Democrats in Congress have been only calling an appropriation for a navy, England and Germany have built a navy, the latter inventing and constructing that latest marvel of the sea, sending her all the way through the depths of the ocean to our shores, at last raising her head almost in sight of the White House, as it mockingly

inquired the fate of our navy appropriation bill. During this time the Democratic administration has allowed that the preservation of our liberties nevertheless, it went through and is a plenty of arms and ammunition to go to Mexico with which to fight ourselves and by which our own boys are now and he is fearless, and just enough to prophecy of four years ago that "that being killed, while we have scarcely enough for our own use."

Now that preparedness for defense is conceded by all to be an imperative duty, the question for the people is which party and under whose leadership is it most likely to be carried into swift, practical, consistent and resolute execution. That party in whose convention Bryan, the world-famed peace-at-any-price advocate, was the great hero, the party which was forced into it against its will after two years of shameful negligence, or the combined and reunited Republican and Progressive parties which take their inspiration from Abraham Lincoln, Grant, Garfield, and McKinley, not to mention living?

But notwithstanding the lamentable negligence of the Democratic administration in naval defense, it does not compare in folly with our woeful and humiliating unpreparedness by land, in view of the fact that for two or three years we have had the most direct and constant warnings through increasingly intolerable conditions in and near Mexico. Our opponents boast for campaign "blame" that we are at peace, and yet our citizens are being killed every day, and yet all available forces are on the border or in Mexico, and, more than that, so childishly unprepared were we that in our bungling confusion and indecision the administration took married men from New Hampshire with dependent families, laborers; if you please, at sixty cents a day, all to serve in one little corner of these United States in time of "peace."

But notwithstanding the lamentable negligence of the Democratic administration in naval defense, it does not compare in folly with our woeful and humiliating unpreparedness by land, in view of the fact that for two or three years we have had the most direct and constant warnings through increasingly intolerable conditions in and near Mexico. Our opponents boast for campaign "blame" that we are at peace, and yet our citizens are being killed every day, and yet all available forces are on the border or in Mexico, and, more than that, so childishly unprepared were we that in our bungling confusion and indecision the administration took married men from New Hampshire with dependent families, laborers; if you please, at sixty cents a day, all to serve in one little corner of these United States in time of "peace."

But notwithstanding the lamentable negligence of the Democratic administration in naval defense, it does not compare in folly with our woeful and humiliating unpreparedness by land, in view of the fact that for two or three years we have had the most direct and constant warnings through increasingly intolerable conditions in and near Mexico. Our opponents boast for campaign "blame" that we are at peace, and yet our citizens are being killed every day, and yet all available forces are on the border or in Mexico, and, more than that, so childishly unprepared were we that in our bungling confusion and indecision the administration took married men from New Hampshire with dependent families, laborers; if you please, at sixty cents a day, all to serve in one little corner of these United States in time of "peace."

But notwithstanding the lamentable negligence of the Democratic administration in naval defense, it does not compare in folly with our woeful and humiliating unpreparedness by land, in view of the fact that for two or three years we have had the most direct and constant warnings through increasingly intolerable conditions in and near Mexico. Our opponents boast for campaign "blame" that we are at peace, and yet our citizens are being killed every day, and yet all available forces are on the border or in Mexico, and, more than that, so childishly unprepared were we that in our bungling confusion and indecision the administration took married men from New Hampshire with dependent families, laborers; if you please, at sixty cents a day, all to serve in one little corner of these United States in time of "peace."

But notwithstanding the lamentable negligence of the Democratic administration in naval defense, it does not compare in folly with our woeful and humiliating unpreparedness by land, in view of the fact that for two or three years we have had the most direct and constant warnings through increasingly intolerable conditions in and near Mexico. Our opponents boast for campaign "blame" that we are at peace, and yet our citizens are being killed every day, and yet all available forces are on the border or in Mexico, and, more than that, so childishly unprepared were we that in our bungling confusion and indecision the administration took married men from New Hampshire with dependent families, laborers; if you please, at sixty cents a day, all to serve in one little corner of these United States in time of "peace."

But notwithstanding the lamentable negligence of the Democratic administration in naval defense, it does not compare in folly with our woeful and humiliating unpreparedness by land, in view of the fact that for two or three years we have had the most direct and constant warnings through increasingly intolerable conditions in and near Mexico. Our opponents boast for campaign "blame" that we are at peace, and yet our citizens are being killed every day, and yet all available forces are on the border or in Mexico, and, more than that, so childishly unprepared were we that in our bungling confusion and indecision the administration took married men from New Hampshire with dependent families, laborers; if you please, at sixty cents a day, all to serve in one little corner of these United States in time of "peace."

But notwithstanding the lamentable negligence of the Democratic administration in naval defense, it does not compare in folly with our woeful and humiliating unpreparedness by land, in view of the fact that for two or three years we have had the most direct and constant warnings through increasingly intolerable conditions in and near Mexico. Our opponents boast for campaign "blame" that we are at peace, and yet our citizens are being killed every day, and yet all available forces are on the border or in Mexico, and, more than that, so childishly unprepared were we that in our bungling confusion and indecision the administration took married men from New Hampshire with dependent families, laborers; if you please, at sixty cents a day, all to serve in one little corner of these United States in time of "peace."

But notwithstanding the lamentable negligence of the Democratic administration in naval defense, it does not compare in folly with our woeful and humiliating unpreparedness by land, in view of the fact that for two or three years we have had the most direct and constant warnings through increasingly intolerable conditions in and near Mexico. Our opponents boast for campaign "blame" that we are at peace, and yet our citizens are being killed every day, and yet all available forces are on the border or in Mexico, and, more than that, so childishly unprepared were we that in our bungling confusion and indecision the administration took married men from New Hampshire with dependent families, laborers; if you please, at sixty cents a day, all to serve in one little corner of these United States in time of "peace."

But notwithstanding the lamentable negligence of the Democratic administration in naval defense, it does not compare in folly with our woeful and humiliating unpreparedness by land, in view of the fact that for two or three years we have had the most direct and constant warnings through increasingly intolerable conditions in and near Mexico. Our opponents boast for campaign "blame" that we are at peace, and yet our citizens are being killed every day, and yet all available forces are on the border or in Mexico, and, more than that, so childishly unprepared were we that in our bungling confusion and indecision the administration took married men from New Hampshire with dependent families, laborers; if you please, at sixty cents a day, all to serve in one little corner of these United States in time of "peace."

But notwithstanding the lamentable negligence of the Democratic administration in naval defense, it does not compare in folly with our woeful and humiliating unpreparedness by land, in view of the fact that for two or three years we have had the most direct and constant warnings through increasingly intolerable conditions in and near Mexico. Our opponents boast for campaign "blame" that we are at peace, and yet our citizens are being killed every day, and yet all available forces are on the border or in Mexico, and, more than that, so childishly unprepared were we that in our bungling confusion and indecision the administration took married men from New Hampshire with dependent families, laborers; if you please, at sixty cents a day, all to serve in one little corner of these United States in time of "peace."

But notwithstanding the lamentable negligence of the Democratic administration in naval defense, it does not compare in folly with our woeful and humiliating unpreparedness by land, in view of the fact that for two or three years we have had the most direct and constant warnings through increasingly intolerable conditions in and near Mexico. Our opponents boast for campaign "blame" that we are at peace, and yet our citizens are being killed every day, and yet all available forces are on the border or in Mexico, and, more than that, so childishly unprepared were we that in our bungling confusion and indecision the administration took married men from New Hampshire with dependent families, laborers; if you please, at sixty cents a day, all to serve in one little corner of these United States in time of "peace."

But notwithstanding the lamentable negligence of the Democratic administration in naval defense, it does not compare in folly with our woeful and humiliating unpreparedness by land, in view of the fact that for two or three years we have had the most direct and constant warnings through increasingly intolerable conditions in and near Mexico. Our opponents boast for campaign "blame" that we are at peace, and yet our citizens are being killed every day, and yet all available forces are on the border or in Mexico, and, more than that, so childishly unprepared were we that in our bungling confusion and indecision the administration took married men from New Hampshire with dependent families, laborers; if you please, at sixty cents a day, all to serve in one little corner of these United States in time of "peace."

But notwithstanding the lamentable negligence of the Democratic administration in naval defense, it does not compare in folly with our woeful and humiliating unpreparedness by land, in view of the fact that for two or three years we have had the most direct and constant warnings through increasingly intolerable conditions in and near Mexico. Our opponents boast for campaign "blame" that we are at peace, and yet our citizens are being killed every day, and yet all available forces are on the border or in Mexico, and, more than that, so childishly unprepared were we that in our bungling confusion and indecision the administration took married men from New Hampshire with dependent families, laborers; if you please, at sixty cents a day, all to serve in one little corner of these United States in time of "peace."

But notwithstanding the lamentable negligence of the Democratic administration in naval defense, it does not compare in folly with our woeful and humiliating unpreparedness by land, in view of the fact that for two or three years we have had the most direct and constant warnings through increasingly intolerable conditions in and near Mexico. Our opponents boast for campaign "blame" that we are at peace, and yet our citizens are being killed every day, and yet all available forces are on the border or in Mexico, and, more than that, so childishly unprepared were we that in our bungling confusion and indecision the administration took married men from New Hampshire with dependent families, laborers; if you please, at sixty cents a day, all to serve in one little corner of these United States in time of "peace."

But notwithstanding the lamentable negligence of the Democratic administration in naval defense, it does not compare in folly with our woeful and humiliating unpreparedness by land, in view of the fact that for two or three years we have had the most direct and constant warnings through increasingly intolerable conditions in and near Mexico. Our opponents boast for campaign "blame" that we are at peace, and yet our citizens are being killed every day, and yet all available forces are on the border or in Mexico, and, more than that, so childishly unprepared were we that in our bungling confusion and indecision the administration took married men from New Hampshire with dependent families, laborers; if you please, at sixty cents a day, all to serve in one little corner of these United States in time of "peace."

But notwithstanding the lamentable negligence of the Democratic administration in naval defense, it does not compare in folly with our woeful and humiliating unpreparedness by land, in view of the fact that for two or three years we have had the most direct and constant warnings through increasingly intolerable conditions in and near Mexico. Our opponents boast for campaign "blame" that we are at peace, and yet our citizens are being killed every day, and yet all available forces are on the border or in Mexico, and, more than that, so childishly unprepared were we that in our bungling confusion and indecision the administration took married men from New Hampshire with dependent families, laborers; if you please, at sixty cents a day, all to serve in one little corner of these United States in time of "peace."

But notwithstanding the lamentable negligence of the Democratic administration in naval defense, it does not compare in folly with our woeful and humiliating unpreparedness by land, in view of the fact that for two or three years we have had the most direct and constant warnings through increasingly intolerable conditions in and near Mexico. Our opponents boast for campaign "blame" that we are at peace, and yet our citizens are being killed every day, and yet all available forces are on the border or in Mexico, and, more than that, so childishly unprepared were we that in our bungling confusion and indecision the administration took married men from New Hampshire with dependent families, laborers; if you please, at sixty cents a day, all to serve in one little corner of these United States in time of "peace."

But notwithstanding the lamentable negligence of the Democratic administration in naval defense, it does not compare in folly with our woeful and humiliating unpreparedness by land, in view of the fact that for two or three years we have had the most direct and constant warnings through increasingly intolerable conditions in and near Mexico. Our opponents boast for campaign "blame" that we are at peace, and yet our citizens are being killed every day, and yet all available forces are on the border or in Mexico, and, more than that, so childishly unprepared were we that in our bungling confusion and indecision the administration took married men from New Hampshire with dependent families, laborers; if you please, at sixty cents a day, all to serve in one little corner of these United States in time of "peace."

But notwithstanding the lamentable negligence of the Democratic administration in naval defense, it does not compare in folly with our woeful and humiliating unpreparedness by land, in view of the fact that for two or three years we have had the most direct and constant warnings through increasingly intolerable conditions in and near Mexico. Our opponents boast for campaign "blame" that we are at peace, and yet our citizens are being killed every day, and yet all available forces are on the border or in Mexico, and, more than that, so childishly unprepared were we that in our bungling confusion and indecision the administration took married men from New Hampshire with dependent families, laborers; if you please, at sixty cents a day, all to serve in one little corner of these United States in time of "peace."

But notwithstanding the lamentable negligence of the Democratic administration in naval defense, it does not compare in folly with our woeful and humiliating unpreparedness by land, in view of the fact that for two or three years we have had the most direct and constant warnings through increasingly intolerable conditions in and near Mexico. Our opponents boast for campaign "blame" that we are at peace, and yet our citizens are being killed every day, and yet all available forces are on the border or in Mexico, and, more than that, so childishly unprepared were we that in our bungling confusion and indecision the administration took married men from New Hampshire with dependent families, laborers; if you please, at sixty cents a day, all to serve in one little corner of these United States in time of "peace."

But notwithstanding the lamentable negligence of the Democratic administration in naval defense, it does not compare in folly with our woeful and humiliating unpreparedness by land, in view of the fact that for two or three years we have had the most direct and constant warnings through increasingly intolerable conditions in and near Mexico. Our opponents boast for campaign "blame" that we are at peace, and yet our citizens are being killed every day, and yet all available forces are on the border or in Mexico, and, more than that, so childishly unprepared were we that in our bungling confusion and indecision the administration took married men from New Hampshire with dependent families, laborers; if you please, at sixty cents a day, all to serve in one little corner of these United States in time of "peace."

U. S. SOLDIERS TACKLE SPANISH SUCCESSFULLY

Field Headquarters, American Puntive Expedition, Mexico, (via aeroplane) to Columbus, N. M., Sept. 28.—There are better ways of learning Spanish than by the aid of little red-bound handbook.

The little red-bound handbook then selves admit this and suggest in nearly every instance that it would be wise for the beginner to learn first something of the native intonation and pronunciation. It might be added that a knowledge of gestures and the language itself might help.

But the little red hand-book will teach one to ask, "What is that large building over there?" and to inform casual acquaintances: "My father and mother are abroad, and also my brother and my sister." In their way they do considerable good. And, in their way, they lead sometimes to embarrassment.

To the credit of both the American private and officer, it may be said that they try to accumulate a working knowledge of the language of the country where the expedition awaits orders. The best instance under personal observation was seen at El Valle, where a red-necked sergeant was bussing a score of shivering Mexicans in an effort to re-build the engineer's bridge over the cold, rampant Santa Maria river.

"Hey, you mutton-headed hombre," he cried. "Gh busy and get that there two-be-four more alia. Higher, you hombre, higher! Leggo that rope, hombre!"

These orders were carried out with perfect understanding and the value of an advanced education thus demonstrated.

On the other hand—

There is a certain captain who prides himself on his knowledge of

norant, requesting me to speak English."

"It might have been worse," remarked one of the party not under the captain's command and therefore without fear of consequences. "He might have asked you to speak Spanish."

FAILS TO IMPRESS THE WILY AFGHANS

Calcutta, Sept. 27.—An engineer who has just returned from Afghanistan to Calcutta after a stay of two years in that country, gives for the first time some details regarding the German mission which went to Kabul in the early days of the war in the hope of wooing the Amir from his neutrality.

The mission, he said was undoubtedly sent to Afghanistan with the object of upsetting the government of India on the frontier. The Germans had with them in Afghanistan as well as in Persia a dummy wireless apparatus—a box by means of which they said they received news daily from Berlin and Mesopotamia. But this did not deceive the Amir and the Germans found that they had a shrewd man to deal with rather than a young boy Shah, as in the case of their comrades in Persia.

Questioned as to their apparatus, they said that this particular machine did not need wires of any sort, nor masts or anything else; but when incredulity was expressed, and they were asked to demonstrate the powers of their wonderful machine, they had to fall back on the excuse that the apparatus was out of order.

While the Germans were in Kabul they had many conversations with the Amir and government officials, and spread news of the fall of Paris and the defeat of the British fleet.

During their stay the Amir opened a Parliament to give the people an opportunity to voice their opinions and to this Parliament he announced his intentions to remain neutral, and to have nothing to do whatever, with the Germans in the future. The feeling of the people veered around and little incidents which had shown a lack of sympathy with the British ceased to occur.

BASE BALL

American League.
Boston 3, New York 2.
Washington 13, Philadelphia 3.

National League.
Brooklyn 2, Chicago 0.
New York 3, St. Louis 2.
Boston 1, Pittsburg 0.

STEALS CAR AND THEN SENDS CHECK

Texas Man Wants Dodge Brothers Car So Much That He Drives Off Demonstrator.

Dodge Brothers motor cars are in great demand, to say the least, down in Texas. In Panhandle, for instance, they steal them, if they can't get the cars by other means. An Amarillo paper tells it:

"In the midst of prosperity many are unable to get cars even after they have been ordered for several weeks. Every shipment of cars unloaded in Amarillo finds many buyers ready with the hard cash and eager to drive away. Last week, according to W. E. Groendyke, a Dodge Brothers customer from Panhandle wanted a Dodge car badly but could find none in stock except Groendyke's demonstration car. He watched his chance. While the dealer wasn't looking he drove away with the only car remaining in the place. Officers were scouring the country but no trace of the car was discovered until the anxious buyer called by long distance telephone and informed Groendyke that he had 'bought' the car and was sending a check for it.

"What else could I do?" asked the purchaser. "I had to have that car."

"What else could I do?" asked the dealer. "I had to let him keep it."

SOLD BY W. E. PAUL,
Market Street.

Wire For Electricity

The landlord or homeowner who has not wired for electricity is not only blind to his own or his tenant's comfort, but is missing a first class investment.

The electrically wired house brings a higher rental and sells quicker. Tenants are demanding wired houses and are willing to pay the price.

We will be pleased to assist you in laying out your house wiring, or we will have your wiring done and guarantee satisfaction. Eventually you will use electric light. Why not now?

Rockingham County Light & Power Company

TELEPHONE 130

29 PLEASANT ST.

BURGLAR DRIVEN AWAY BY WOMAN'S SCREAMS

Sometime between 1:00 and 1:30 o'clock this morning the home of Miss Annie F. Jenness, 411 Middle street, was entered by a burglar, but he was frightened away before he had had any opportunity to take anything from the house, by the screams of Miss Henderson, Miss Jenness' nurse. He entered the room occupied by Miss Henderson, but when she awoke and screamed he dropped a lighted lantern, which he was carrying, on the floor, left the room, locking the door behind him, and made his get-away. Miss Henderson's cries brought one of the maids from the floor above who unlocked the door, allowing her to come out of the room. The lighted lantern was found in the center of the floor near her bed.

Miss Henderson occupies the front room on the second floor of the house, next to that occupied by Miss Jenness. Her cries were heard by Mrs. H. P. Montgomery, who lives in the house opposite. She called across the street to Miss Henderson and then phoned to the police station. Captain Burke, detailed officers Smart, Smith and Condon, and they reached the house at 1:40, ten minutes after the call was sent in, making the trip in the police patrol.

An inspection of the inside of the house and the grounds surrounding it

PREDICTS BAD COOKING WILL DEFEAT GERMANY

London, Sept. 27.—A new and original view of the end of the war was supplied here today by Monsieur Seefeur, said to be the highest paid and the best chef in the world.

"When this war is over," he declared, "the Allies should erect a monument to those terrible German chefs whose cooking gave the Kaiser and von Hindenburg and von Kluck indigestion and is making them lost the war."

"Wars are invariably won by generals whose armies have the best cooks," he continued, "and only the generals of the Allies have cooks who know how to prepare a potato. That's the secret."

"Why did Napoleon, who said, 'An army marches on its stomach,' lose the battle of Waterloo?

"Some say it was Blucher and his Prussians who turned the tide of battle. It was not, Pabisch, it was some miserable cook who served the great Emperor early in the morning of Waterloo with a leg of mutton so villainously done that it gave the wonderful Napoleon indigestion. How could his brain work clearly when his stomach was disorganized?

"Look at the present war. Up to its declaration, the Kaiser and all his generals had the best French chefs that money could procure. Twice I have prepared banquets for him, the last time in 1903, when he sought an audience with me and said: 'You are the king of chefs.'

"In the early days of the war everybody trembled for poor, bleeding Belgium and la belle France. Every day, on the contrary I grew more gay, more confident, in spite of the advance of the enemy. Patience, I said, we have two great allies, the British and the German chefs, for the Germans had interned all the Frenchmen, although it would have been the same if they hadn't, for no French chef could do the cooking for a German any longer. I knew from the first that never again would the Kaiser or any of his generals have an eatable, digestible meal."

"Wait till they get dyspeptic and then all of their plans will go wrong," I said. "Then we will beat them." Was I not right?

JEWISH NEW YEAR BEGAN AT SUNDOWN

The Jewish New Year, Rosh Hashanah, opens the year 5677 of the Jewish epoch. It is the most solemn day of the year for the Jews, next to the Day of Atonement, Yom Kippur, and every Jew, orthodox or reformed, observes it.

The celebrations of the great days of observance this year will be of the utmost importance to all Hebrews, since in addition to the usual prayers, airmans and ceremonies, there will be special prayers for peace. There are also to be discussions as to the best way in which the lot of the Jews in Europe may be improved when peace comes, and above all, there are to be collections for the benefit of the Jews who are suffering in the war-torn countries.

It is expected that in response to the appeal made by the Zionist provisional committee, and through the conferences of the Jewish congregations throughout Greater Boston for \$250,000 to help the provisional committee maintain Palestine and to continue its constructive relief work in the other war zones, a large sum will be realized.

Try a Want Ad for quick results.

Crawford Notch Excursion THROUGH THE HEART OF THE WHITE MOUNTAINS

At the Season of the year when the Beauty of the Fall Foliage is at its best.

From Portsmouth, Friday, Sept. 29
\$2.10 Round Trip Fare \$2.10

Special Train Leaves at 7:35 A. M.

Returning Special Train Leaves Fabian at 2:00 P. M.

For Information and Tickets

Apply Local Ticket Agent.

C. M. BURT, Gen'l Pass'r Agent,

Boston & Maine Railroad.

J. H. HUSTIS, Temporary Receiver.

The Sweetser Store

A WARM PROPOSITION

is what we would call one of those new Glenwood Parlor Heaters.

Glenwoods are fuel-saving—easy to run—and are ornamental without being ostentatious.

There are many excellent reasons why you should own a Glenwood this year.

Why not let us show you?

PARLOR HEATERS, \$10.00 UP.

AIR TIGHTS, \$2.00 UP.

We have other stoves at different prices.

The Sweetser Store

MARKE STREET

↓ ↓ ↓ ↓
A Whiskey that Never Varies

Always
Absolutely
Pure.
Never sold
in bulk.
Sealed
SUPPLIES
WHERE WE SHINE
24 oz. and 32 oz.
bottles only.
THIS Signature
Always appears on the cork and face
label of the genuine. Sold by licensed
dealers, druggists and grocers generally.
REFUSE SUBSTITUTES

Ever Ready Flash Lights

Sterno Stoves and Canned Heat

Brushes for Dust Pan and Toilet

Floor Brushes and Brooms

E. C. Matthews Hardware and Paint Co
Opposite Post Office. 41 Pleasant St.

WHEN BUYING COAL

Buy Where Get Value For Your Dollar

THE CONSOLIDATION COAL CO.

CHAS. W. GRAY, Sept.

Phones 38 and 39.

The Portsmouth Herald

Established September 23, 1884.

Published every evening, Sundays and holidays excepted, by The Herald Publishing Company.

TERMS—\$4.00 a year when paid in advance; 50 cents a month; 2 cents per copy, delivered in any part of the city or sent by mail.

Communications should be addressed to P. W. Harford, Editor.

Entered at the Portsmouth, N. H., postoffice as second-class mail matter. Advertising rates reasonable and made known upon application.

FOR PORTSMOUTH AND PORTSMOUTH'S INTERESTS

TELEPHONES:

Editorial..... 28 | Business..... 37



Portsmouth, N. H., Thursday, September 28, 1916.

Farm Boy Management.

Specialists who are doing what they can to improve conditions on the farms and encourage the boys to stay there are of the opinion that it is wise to let the boys have some interests of their own and to work for themselves to a certain extent. It is argued that this arouses the interest of the boys as nothing else can and leads to application on their part which is earnest and effectual.

As an illustration of the wisdom of this course two instances are cited by a publication devoted to rural community and farm improvement. The father of a boy who had joined a corn club gave him the use of an acre of the best land on the farm, with plenty of manure and everything else to do with. The boy produced more than 100 bushels of corn on his single acre and was allowed to keep the money it brought. He then joined pig clubs and other clubs for fostering agricultural interests, and in various contests won more than \$400 in prizes. He has now engaged in the breeding of hogs and is doing well, and it is said that he and his father are as "chummy as school boys." The other case was that of a boy who had also been given a chance to do something for himself on the farm. He applied himself diligently and good crops resulted, but when they were harvested they went into the general stock, and when they were sold the money went into the general stock, and when they were sold the money went into his father's pocket. In time this boy became discouraged, ran away from home and secured employment in a city.

The thing for parents to bear in mind is that in this matter, as in so many others, it is not wise to go too far in either direction. It is all right to encourage boys by allowing them to have some interests of their own and to have the proceeds of their individual endeavors, but care should be taken to guard against the building up of a wheel within a wheel. The boy on the farm should be taught that his father's interests are his own, and while he may well be allowed to have some chickens, a calf, a pig or an acre of corn that he can call his own, he should never be permitted to go so far as to feel that he is "it" and that it is the business of his father and the farm to serve him. It is equally wrong to grind the boy down to the level of a hired man, minus wages.

In this as in other things there is a happy mean, and the wise father will discover it and govern himself accordingly. Farm boys are deserving of every reasonable encouragement, and the best of all is that their fathers should be as "chummy with them as school boys."

A man who is serving the short sentence of two years in the federal prison at Atlanta for impersonating a former congressman with intent to defraud has recently attempted to secure his release, and one argument advanced by his counsel was that the time he was out on bail before going to prison should be deducted from the time to be served; that he really began serving his sentence when he was released on bail. The court was unable to take that view, but think of the audacity it took to present it.

The president in his talk to the grain dealers said the government is hiring brains for much less than they are worth, and that many men who could make more in business are serving it "on a pittance." But it is to be noticed that these "pittances" are in great demand and that there is never any difficulty in finding men to take the jobs. On the other hand, the work of slaying off applicants is one of the severest tasks of every official having the power of appointment.

A Texas cavalry corporal with a few men recently made a raid across the border into Mexico and managed to get out with the loss of one horse. General Punson has properly apologized to the Mexican authorities and the corporal will be properly dealt with. And the Mexicans are probably talking about a raid into their territory by "gringo bandits."

The whole country rejoices in the rescue of the Boston man and his wife who were lost in the New Hampshire woods. They were in a precarious situation for a few days and their experience teaches that persons wholly unfamiliar with woodcraft should not venture too far into an unbroken wilderness for the sake of novelty or anything else.

The Young Men's Christian Association is performing a good work, but it takes money to do it. The international committee decides that \$4,500,000 will be necessary for the work throughout the country the coming year.

The pay of German army officers is to be reduced, according to a dispatch from Berlin. Does this mean that their services are performed on the piece-work plan and that of late they have not been "producing the goods?"

For President
CHARLES E. HUGHES
of New York.

For Vice-President
CHARLES W. FAIRBANKS
of Indiana.

For Governor
HENRY W. KEYES
of Haverhill.

For Congressmen
First District
CYRUS A. SULLOWAY
of Manchester
Second District
EDWARD H. WASON
of Nashua.

CURRENT OPINION

Federation of World's Nations Would Bring Warfare to an End.

I regard this greatest of all wars as the most unjustifiable, unequalled for tragedy in human history. Not a single nation admits responsibility for starting it, and it is not in accord with the desires of the people of a single nation. No great principle is involved, and no good is to be accomplished.

It, however, has demonstrated a splendid patriotism on the part of the people, loyalty and devotion unsurpassed, and valor, heroism and sacrifice unprecedented. If force is to be the dominant factor—the only recognized power—then we have seen the zenith of glory of our civilization. The pendulum of destiny must swing in the opposite direction, then, from progress, enlightenment and higher civilization.

Yet I trust there will be a universal demand for a calling of a congress of nations, not only to adjudicate the controversies now existing between the warring powers, but any others that may occur in the coming centuries. There should be a parliament of men, a federation of the world.

And as light follows darkness, if such a federation were formed and a high court of justice created the sacrifice would be equalled by the glorious results which must follow.—By General Nelson A. Miles, Former Commander United States Army.

should follow the lead of the Democratic National Committee. That body is doing everything in its power to obtain for Mr. Wilson the support of the citizens whom these—newspapers in their blind Know-nothingism—are attacking.

This reversion to Know-nothingism at this late day cannot hurt Mr. Hughes. It is not unlikely, however, that it will work serious injury to Mr. Wilson.

Scolding At Boston
(From the "Girard's Topics of the Town" in the Philadelphia Public Ledger.)

Putting on that garment of welcome modesty which has belonged to nobody but Boston ever since the Tea Party, a booklet of fire and marine insurance issued there contains this on its first page:

"As might be expected, in Boston is found the beginning of marine and fire insurance."

Not long ago, Boston, with the influence of a colored gent reaching for a watermelon, also claimed to have started the first savings bank in America.

This veracious New England jingo, after the introductory remark just quoted, makes the further statement: "Down to 1785 it is altogether probable that not a building or its contents had ever been insured in Boston."

Had Massachusetts' brave son, John Adams, stopped writing letters to his wife long enough to take a stroll around Independence Hall in 1776, during the sitting of Congress, he might have seen fire insurance signs upon the walls of buildings on all sides.

Ben Franklin had started the Contribution Fund here thirty-three years before Boston's first house was insured, according to Boston's over-much-chronicled.

And the "Green Tree," the second fire company, was flourishing in Philadelphia and offering the protection of its arms. It puts the class above the individual. It organizes class war against the masters, and promotes to the first consequence, for the workingmen, the notion of the "proletariat," a word which heretofore has been more offensive to the workingman than to anyone else. It does not appear likely that the sympathetic strike in New York will succeed. If it should succeed it will be the unhappiest event for the American worker that could possibly happen.

Serving the Country
(From the Pittsburgh Gazette-Times)

You, young fellow, who soldiered at Plattsburgh or went on the civilian naval cruise or joined the National Guard all in the name of preparedness, what are you going to do for your country this fall?

You probably haven't taken a great deal of interest in your Government up to this time; you may have belonged to the multitude that always thought the "American army and navy could kick the universe."

You probably let Dad do the voting for the family, just as you let him run his business and mother the house. Your politics were in your father's name. But you should have got rid of that attitude this summer. You were willing to fight for the country, you went out and drilled and killed and labored for the flag. Now, what about the rest of this citizenship business?

Are you going to be one of those care less youths who have been of voting age several years, yet have not voted. Boys are men in America at twenty-one; when they come of age it should be an awakening to their duty, to the full meaning of Americanism.

If you have been neglecting this matter, putting it off, get busy. Don't be a slacker.

Beware the "Boomerang!"
(From the New York Herald)

The attempt to make Mr. Hughes' "German candidate" is as mischievous as would be an attempt to make Mr. Wilson appear "the Jewish candidate" just because some of Mr. Wilson's leading supporters have appealed to a "Jewish-American vote," and because he appointed an eminence from the Supreme Court of the United States. There is no "German-American vote" in this country any more, than there is a "Jewish-American vote" in origin. On the other hand, it seems to be appealed to or delivered.

Mr. Wilson's newspaper friends, vote of 1912 to Wilson. The complete

ships within the time limit fixed by the department.

Mr. Roosevelt announced that since the ship builders had declared speedy construction depended principally on prompt delivery of manufactured materials, the department had taken up the subject with steel and other manufacturers and had secured promises that preference in delivering would be given to shipbuilding plants doing government work.

Because the shipbuilders are unable to secure all the insurance desired on vessels nearly completed before being turned over to the navy department, some plan of protection from loss in case of accident to the new ships is under consideration. Mr. Roosevelt said the department might decide to take over the care of such vessels in advance of their actual acceptance.

Naval Orders

Lieut. J. S. Wood, receiving ship at Puget Sound navy yard; P. A. Paymaster H. G. Gwynne, training station, Key West, Fla.; to the Prairie; F. J. Daley, the Prairie, home port; Gunner Al J. Holton to the Maro Island yard; Chief Pay Clerk S. P. Vaughn, receiving ship at San Francisco, to training station, San Francisco.

Vessel Movements

Arrived:
Aberanda at Nagasaki; Baltimore and Dubuque at New York; Charles, ton at Balboa; Cunningham, Cum-berland and Winslow at Newport; Dolphin at Southern drill grounds; New Hampshire and Wadsworth at Hampton Roads; Palmetto at Charleston; St. Louis at Honolulu; Wheeling at Carnegie.

Sold:
Aylwin; Hampton Roads for New York; Birmingham, Southern drill grounds for Newport; Cushing, Lynn Haven Roads for Newport; Cushing, Lynn Haven Roads for New York; McDonough, Hampton Roads for New York; Potomac, San Domingo for San Pedro; Rodgers, Boston to sea; South Dakota and West Virginia, San Francisco for San Diego.

The Kansas, Vermont and New Hampshire have been ordered placed in reserve upon arrival at Philadelphia yard after target practice.

New Destroyer Ready for Trial Trips
The torpedo boat destroyer Wilkes arrived at Rockland on Wednesday from the yards of her builders at Philadelphia for her standardization trials, which are expected to begin tomorrow. Her contract calls for a speed of 22 1/2 knots an hour.

Sent to Civilian Prison

Three sailors from the naval prison were taken to the Concord state prison today by a marine guard to serve the remainder of the sentence imposed by the court-martial board.

Still Puzzling Them
The thirty day leave circular continues to be perplexing to the workmen and up to date more than a few of them claim not to have an absolute grasp on the situation.

Boats for the Big Ships
Two 25-foot motor sailing launches to be loaded for the New York yard for issue to the Arkansas and Texas.

Will Repair Chains at Boston
The bow chain cables of the U. S. S. Paducah have been loaded for shipment to the Boston yard for repairs.

Waiting for Her Engines
The submarine 1-8 is practically completed and waiting for her engines which are reported 80 percent completed at the plant in St. Louis.

Reports at Boston
Pay Clerk J. P. Flynn of the supply department completed his duties at the yard on Wednesday and reported aboard the Kearsarge at Boston today for sea duty.

1485 On Pay Roll
The yard payroll roll now includes the names of 1485 workmen.

Reports for Duty Today
Chief Pay Clerk Ambrose J. Barnum who has been on leave at his home in Melford, Mass., reported for duty in the department of supplies today.

Marines Are Sure of Victory
The Sunday football game at Old York will attract quite a few admirers of the game. The Marine Guard are playing hard in practice work and feel certain of a win against the Portsmouth All-Stars.

CUTLER CLUB TO MEET
The annual banquet of the Cutler Club will be held at Cutler's Sea View hotel, Hampton Beach, on Monday, October 3. Notices to this effect were sent out today by Secretary John Noyes of Melastow. The Cutler club is the outgrowth of an organization of friends of the late John G. Cutler, who met at this hostelry some fifteen years ago, and pledges were made to meet there annually for a bird dinner.

Evaporated Apples..... 3 pks 25c
Ketchup..... 2 bottles 15c
Corn Flakes..... 70 pkgs.
Nice Old Cheese..... 22c lb.
Cabbage..... 20 lb.
Shrimp..... 9c can
Crisco..... 23c can
Lenox Soap..... 10 bars 33c
Goodwill Soap..... 5 bars 19c
Salt Pork, lean or fat..... 15c lb.
Salt Sparsers..... 3 lbs. 26c
Shider's or Van Camp's Ketchup..... 3 bottles 50c

GAVE HIS NAVY YARD JOB TO ANOTHER MAN

Shipfitters Detected in Scheme by Civil Service Clerk.

An indictment charging conspiracy to defeat the civil service laws has been returned by the federal grand jury at Boston against James J. Austin and John Collins, both of Charlestown. Austin has not been apprehended, but Collins pleaded not guilty and was released on \$500 bail on his personal recognizance.

It is alleged that Austin and Collins applied for a position as a shipfitter's helper at the navy yard. Austin got the place but before he was notified to go to work he obtained another position. He turned over his card to Collins, it is alleged and the latter went to the navy yard and got the job. When the papers were returned to the civil service at the postoffice building, Harry A. Dalton, an attorney, noticed a discrepancy between the writing on the original application and that on the paper which had to be signed when Collins went to work.

An investigation followed and Collins was called upon at the navy yard and asked to sign some papers. He then disappeared, but upon receiving notice that he had been appointed to fill a vacancy went to the yard to work. It was later discovered that he was the man the civil service authorities were looking for and he was arrested while at work. Austin, it is said, has since changed his address, and has not been heard from since the alleged fraud was discovered.

AMERICA FIRST

Whatever the shores that your forefathers haled from,

Whatever the flags that they fought for afar,

Today you must cherish the land where you are,

Today you are sons of this nation of nations,

Untoasted by war and its spirit accursed;

So, guarding your souls against racial temptations,

Let this be your motto: "America first!"

This nation of ours every people has greeted,

Has welcomed them in to partake of her cheer;

And even the humblest, despised and defeated,

Have felt themselves men when they found themselves here,

The victim of systems and dynasties royal,

With her have found freedom, their dreams to fulfill,

And surely such hearts will not now be disloyal,

To her and her spirit of peace and good-will,

God keep from our shores the dread issue of battle;

God keep from our country the curse we abhor,

They speak not the mind of the nation who prattle,

So lightly of plowing the land into war,

But if, proving futile our peaceful endeavor,

The tempest of war on her borders should burst,

Then, then, whatsoever your race, you must never

Forget the great watchword, "America first!"

Dennis A. McCarthy in Philadelphia Evening Ledger.

BERLIN CLAIMS MANY PRISONERS TAKEN

Berlin, Sept. 23.—French and British attacks on the greater part of the Somme front were repulsed by the German troops, the war office announced this afternoon in its daily report.

Important successes were announced in recapturing the position lost to Russian troops on Sept. 22, in which the Teutons took 281 prisoners, including 41 officers.

AT

WALDEN'S MARKET

Evaporated Apples.....	3 pks 25c

</tbl_r

HOMES

For Sale

from \$1000 up. Small payment in cash, balance monthly.

TOBEY'S

REAL ESTATE AGENCY

48 Congress St.

Granite State Building.

Telephone 135.

OBSEQUIES.

Mrs. Colista J. Varrell

The funeral of Mrs. Colista J. Varrell was held from the Christian church, Rye, on Thursday afternoon at 2 o'clock, Rev. Archie Wohl officiating. Interment was in Central cemetery under the direction of Undertaker A. T. Parker.

DID NOT LOSE HIS AUTO.

Report had it this morning that a Portsmouth man lost his auto in the fire at the Dover garage, but it proved untrue as his machine was at another garage in that city.

AUTO GARAGE GOES UP IN SMOKE

Early Morning Fire at Dover Destroys 17 Machines and Building.

A fire which threatened the business section of Dover broke out in the Franklin Square garage just before 2 o'clock this morning. The blaze spread so rapidly that the entire building was a mass of flames almost before the alarm was sounded. The fire gained such headway that it was impossible to remove anything from the building, and seventeen automobiles and the entire equipment was destroyed. The stable and carriage shed of J. Franklin Steevey took fire and for a while it looked as if these buildings would go with the rest, but the department saved them.

The fact that the garage walls were of concrete construction prevented a more serious conflagration in that section.

The building is owned by Henry Clifford and occupied by A. W. Jensen as proprietor of the garage.

The fire is thought to have started in the generator room where batteries are recharged and the loss is estimated at between \$25,000 and \$30,000 on building, machines and equipment.

KITTERY

For some time past there have been complaints that some of the young men who take the Elot car from the navy yard afternoons have been harassing persons passing along the head of Newmarket street while the

car has waited there for connections. Last evening Deputy Sheriff Boardman was on duty there and when three or more men gathered in the rear of the car and made disturbance the officer warned them to keep quiet. Howard E. Stacy of Elot started to talk back to the officer, and as he appeared to be the ringleader, was placed under arrest. He was arraigned later before Judge Shaw, and two witnesses in court testified to hoodlum practices at the place lately, and identified Stacy as one who previously insulted a young lady passing. Stacy was found guilty of a breach of the peace and was fined \$10 and costs which he paid.

Mrs. Susan Terry of Kittery Point was the guest of her daughter, Mrs. Samuel Hodgdon of Wentworth street yesterday.

Mrs. S. E. Edwards and little son, Warren, of Main street, were the guests of her mother, Mrs. Emma Godfrey of Portsmouth today.

Mrs. H. C. Moody and two children, Robert and Florence, of Ols street, have returned from a short visit with relatives in Freeport and Bath.

Mr. and Mrs. Orman Paul of Portsmouth were the guests of the former's father, Mr. O. S. Paul of Dame street, last evening.

There was a box social held in the vestry of the First M. E. church of North Kittery, Wednesday evening.

Mrs. Sherman Waldron of Kittery Point, was the guest of Mrs. Everett Fernald of Ols street, today.

Mr. Charles Sayward of Alfred was a recent guest of his niece, Mrs. Samuel Hodgdon of Wentworth street.

Mrs. Beatrice Harbison is the guest of Mrs. Joseph Pycott of the Post road. The Shoebox will hold gentlemen's night, Friday evening in the vestry of the Second Christian church. A very interesting program has been prepared after which refreshments will be served.

A fine concert is to be given in connection with the Firemen's Ball which is to be held Oct. 3, in W. Wentworth hall. Many tickets have already been sold and a large attendance is expected.

Little Miss Anna Greenleaf of Cottrell Hill, met with a painful injury Wednesday evening in falling from a bicycle which she was riding and breaking the bones of her lower arm. She was taken to the Portsmouth hospital where the fracture was reduced and later in the evening was removed to her home, where she is resting as comfortably as can be expected.

EXPECT STORMY SESSION AS REICHSTAG ASSEMBLES

Berlin, Sept. 27.—With advocates of drastic submarine and zeppelin warfare, critics of the food and censorship regulations, and those who urge a coalition ministry all prepared for action, the German Reichstag, or Imperial Parliament, reassembled today for what will probably be the stormiest session of its history.

Backed by Field Marshal von Hindenburg and the Kaiser, the opinion of a majority seems to be that Imperial Chancellor von Bethmann-Hollweg will weather the storm and continue in power with the government almost unaltered.

Hard words for the United States are expected from the submarine advocates, the so-called Tirpitzites, who scoff at American protests against British sea regulations, as insincere.

The socialists, who have supported the Chancellor in the submarine dispute, are being asked by some of their leaders to forget factional differences and present a solid front in view of the critical stage of affairs.

The case of Dr. Karl Liebknecht, the socialist leader, whose punishment for attempted treason and resistance to the military authorities and the police has been increased to four years and one month state prison, will in all probability cause much trouble.

The radical wing of the Socialists under the leadership of Dr. Hugo Haase, a lawyer from Königsburg, has prepared an interpellation and will demand the immediate release of the convicted party leader. To give force to their demand the radicals threaten to organize a general strike of Socialist workingmen.

Although these threats are daily repeated by the small part of the Socialist press which supports Dr. Liebknecht they will hardly have any influence on the government, because an overwhelming majority of the people consider the conviction of the former deputy just and his punishment very lenient, in view of the gravity of his offense.

The military court of appeals, in increasing the prison term of the anti-war agitator and denying all civil rights to him for a period of seven years, held that a death sentence would have been justified. At his trial Liebknecht, who tried to organize a revolutionary demonstration on May 1, boasted that his aim was to start uprisings, so as to weaken the German fighting power and bring about the defeat of the Empire by France and England.

AMAZED AT THE SMALLNESS OF LOSSES

(Special to The Herald)

London, Sept. 28.—The extraordinary smallness of the losses suffered by the British in their great victory at Thiepval and Combles was the feature of the war office report made today.

The Herald news columns contain some very interesting items today, outside of the local happenings.

ELIOT CASE IN THE COURT AT ALFRED

Paul Cut Fence With Pliers, Defendant Wants \$500.

Everett J. Paul of Elot was defendant in a case of trespass brought by Hanson M. Derrick in the supreme court at Alfred, Me., on Wednesday. Paul cut a wire fence belonging to the plaintiff on August 1, 1912. He asks \$500 damages.

Everett J. Paul of Elot was defendant in a case of trespass brought by Hanson M. Derrick in the supreme court at Alfred, Me., on Wednesday. Paul cut a wire fence belonging to the plaintiff on August 1, 1912. He asks \$500 damages.

Dr. and Mrs. John Van Ransselaer and Mrs. W. B. Johnson returned to their homes in Washington, D. C., today after passing the same at their residence on Jamaica Island.

Mr. and Mrs. Oliver J. Friesbee and Mrs. Joseph Friesbee and little daughter, Alberta, who have been passing the summer at Tavistock Island, closed their cottage today and returned to their home in Portsmouth.

Captain and Mrs. Albert H. Adams and daughters Adrie and Hope who have been passing the summer on their yacht in Pepperell Cove left on Wednesday evening for their home in Portsmouth.

Mrs. Elizabeth Upham and daughter Miss Francis, left on Wednesday for a visit in Boston and vicinity.

Weston Gate and mother, Mrs. Joseph Gate, have returned to their home in Elizabeth, N. J., after passing the summer at the "Ditty Box," Gerrish Lane.

Artist George Gage and friend Mr. Thiel of New York, are occupying the studio of Daniel Raynes at Sea Point for two weeks.

Mrs. Ida Sanborn of Williamsburg, Mass., who is visiting relatives in Portsmouth called on Mr. and Mrs. William H. Tobe and Mrs. Mary Lawrence of this place on Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Blake, Mrs. John Allen, Mrs. Henry Marden and Miss Francesca Emery motored to Lake Ossipee on Wednesday.

The Sewing Bee connected with the First Christian church was pleasantly entertained by Mrs. Annie Sawyer at her home on the Harbor road today. Dinner was served by the hostess.

Mr. and Mrs. F. E. Cooper, Mrs. Edward Johnson, Mrs. Louis Johnson and Mrs. Eleanor Waldron motored to Portland on Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Roger S. Warner and son of Boston were visitors in town

on Wednesday. Mr. Warner formerly lived on Gerrish Island.

1. J. Merry of Newcastle visited the schools in town on Wednesday.

The Ladies' Aid of the First Christian church will meet this evening with Mr. and Mrs. John Dawson.

on the doors of planters' homes warning them to pay \$1 a hundred pounds for picking cotton and threatening whipping with a lash soaked in brine unless they heed the warning. The notes are invariably signed "W. C. U.," which stands for "Working Class Union," a strong labor organization including negroes and many whites.

on the doors of planters' homes warning them to pay \$1 a hundred pounds for picking cotton and threatening whipping with a lash soaked in brine unless they heed the warning. The notes are invariably signed "W. C. U.," which stands for "Working Class Union," a strong labor organization including negroes and many whites.

on the doors of planters' homes warning them to pay \$1 a hundred pounds for picking cotton and threatening whipping with a lash soaked in brine unless they heed the warning. The notes are invariably signed "W. C. U.," which stands for "Working Class Union," a strong labor organization including negroes and many whites.

on the doors of planters' homes warning them to pay \$1 a hundred pounds for picking cotton and threatening whipping with a lash soaked in brine unless they heed the warning. The notes are invariably signed "W. C. U.," which stands for "Working Class Union," a strong labor organization including negroes and many whites.

on the doors of planters' homes warning them to pay \$1 a hundred pounds for picking cotton and threatening whipping with a lash soaked in brine unless they heed the warning. The notes are invariably signed "W. C. U.," which stands for "Working Class Union," a strong labor organization including negroes and many whites.

on the doors of planters' homes warning them to pay \$1 a hundred pounds for picking cotton and threatening whipping with a lash soaked in brine unless they heed the warning. The notes are invariably signed "W. C. U.," which stands for "Working Class Union," a strong labor organization including negroes and many whites.

on the doors of planters' homes warning them to pay \$1 a hundred pounds for picking cotton and threatening whipping with a lash soaked in brine unless they heed the warning. The notes are invariably signed "W. C. U.," which stands for "Working Class Union," a strong labor organization including negroes and many whites.

on the doors of planters' homes warning them to pay \$1 a hundred pounds for picking cotton and threatening whipping with a lash soaked in brine unless they heed the warning. The notes are invariably signed "W. C. U.," which stands for "Working Class Union," a strong labor organization including negroes and many whites.

on the doors of planters' homes warning them to pay \$1 a hundred pounds for picking cotton and threatening whipping with a lash soaked in brine unless they heed the warning. The notes are invariably signed "W. C. U.," which stands for "Working Class Union," a strong labor organization including negroes and many whites.

on the doors of planters' homes warning them to pay \$1 a hundred pounds for picking cotton and threatening whipping with a lash soaked in brine unless they heed the warning. The notes are invariably signed "W. C. U.," which stands for "Working Class Union," a strong labor organization including negroes and many whites.

on the doors of planters' homes warning them to pay \$1 a hundred pounds for picking cotton and threatening whipping with a lash soaked in brine unless they heed the warning. The notes are invariably signed "W. C. U.," which stands for "Working Class Union," a strong labor organization including negroes and many whites.

on the doors of planters' homes warning them to pay \$1 a hundred pounds for picking cotton and threatening whipping with a lash soaked in brine unless they heed the warning. The notes are invariably signed "W. C. U.," which stands for "Working Class Union," a strong labor organization including negroes and many whites.

on the doors of planters' homes warning them to pay \$1 a hundred pounds for picking cotton and threatening whipping with a lash soaked in brine unless they heed the warning. The notes are invariably signed "W. C. U.," which stands for "Working Class Union," a strong labor organization including negroes and many whites.

on the doors of planters' homes warning them to pay \$1 a hundred pounds for picking cotton and threatening whipping with a lash soaked in brine unless they heed the warning. The notes are invariably signed "W. C. U.," which stands for "Working Class Union," a strong labor organization including negroes and many whites.

on the doors of planters' homes warning them to pay \$1 a hundred pounds for picking cotton and threatening whipping with a lash soaked in brine unless they heed the warning. The notes are invariably signed "W. C. U.," which stands for "Working Class Union," a strong labor organization including negroes and many whites.

on the doors of planters' homes warning them to pay \$1 a hundred pounds for picking cotton and threatening whipping with a lash soaked in brine unless they heed the warning. The notes are invariably signed "W. C. U.," which stands for "Working Class Union," a strong labor organization including negroes and many whites.

on the doors of planters' homes warning them to pay \$1 a hundred pounds for picking cotton and threatening whipping with a lash soaked in brine unless they heed the warning. The notes are invariably signed "W. C. U.," which stands for "Working Class Union," a strong labor organization including negroes and many whites.

on the doors of planters' homes warning them to pay \$1 a hundred pounds for picking cotton and threatening whipping with a lash soaked in brine unless they heed the warning. The notes are invariably signed "W. C. U.," which stands for "Working Class Union," a strong labor organization including negroes and many whites.

on the doors of planters' homes warning them to pay \$1 a hundred pounds for picking cotton and threatening whipping with a lash soaked in brine unless they heed the warning. The notes are invariably signed "W. C. U.," which stands for "Working Class Union," a strong labor organization including negroes and many whites.

on the doors of planters' homes warning them to pay \$1 a hundred pounds for picking cotton and threatening whipping with a lash soaked in brine unless they heed the warning. The notes are invariably signed "W. C. U.," which stands for "Working Class Union," a strong labor organization including negroes and many whites.

on the doors of planters' homes warning them to pay \$1 a hundred pounds for picking cotton and threatening whipping with a lash soaked in brine unless they heed the warning. The notes are invariably signed "W. C. U.," which stands for "Working Class Union," a strong labor organization including negroes and many whites.

on the doors of planters' homes warning them to pay \$1 a hundred pounds for picking cotton and threatening whipping with a lash soaked in brine unless they heed the warning. The notes are invariably signed "W. C. U.," which stands for "Working Class Union," a strong labor organization including negroes and many whites.

on the doors of planters' homes warning them to pay \$1 a hundred pounds for picking cotton and threatening whipping with a lash soaked in brine unless they heed the warning. The notes are invariably signed "W. C. U.," which stands for "Working Class Union," a strong labor organization including negroes and many whites.

on the doors of planters' homes warning them to pay \$1 a hundred pounds for picking cotton and threatening whipping with a lash soaked in brine unless they heed the warning. The notes are invariably signed "W. C. U.," which stands for "Working Class Union," a strong labor organization including negroes and many whites.

on the doors of planters' homes warning them to pay \$1 a hundred pounds for picking cotton and threatening whipping with a lash soaked in brine unless they heed the warning. The notes are invariably signed "W. C. U.," which stands for "Working Class Union," a strong labor organization including negroes and many whites.

on the doors of planters' homes warning them to pay \$1 a hundred pounds for picking cotton and threatening whipping with a lash soaked in brine unless they heed the warning. The notes are invariably signed "W. C. U.," which stands for "Working Class Union," a strong labor organization including negroes and many whites.

on the doors of planters' homes warning them to pay \$1 a hundred pounds for picking cotton and threatening whipping with a lash soaked in brine unless they heed the warning. The notes are invariably signed "W. C. U.," which stands for "Working Class Union," a strong labor organization including negroes and many whites.

on the doors of planters' homes warning them to pay \$1 a hundred pounds for picking cotton and threatening whipping with a lash soaked in brine unless they heed the warning. The notes are invariably signed "W. C. U.," which stands for "Working Class Union," a strong labor organization including negroes and many whites.

on the doors of planters' homes warning them to pay \$1 a hundred pounds for picking cotton and threatening whipping with a lash soaked in brine unless they heed the warning. The notes are invariably signed "W. C. U.," which stands for "Working Class Union," a strong labor organization including negroes and many whites.

on the doors of planters' homes warning them to pay \$1 a hundred pounds for picking cotton and threatening whipping with a lash soaked in brine unless they heed the warning. The notes are invariably signed "W. C. U.," which stands for "Working Class Union," a strong labor organization including negroes and many whites.

on the doors of planters' homes warning them to pay \$1 a hundred pounds for picking cotton and threatening whipping with a lash soaked in brine unless they heed the warning. The notes are invariably signed "W. C. U.," which stands for "Working Class Union," a strong labor organization including negroes and many whites.

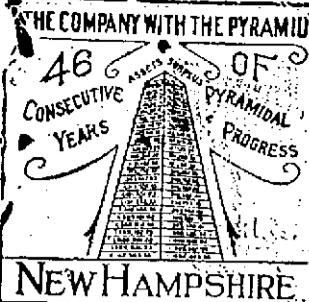
on the doors of planters' homes warning them to pay \$1 a hundred pounds for picking cotton and threatening whipping with a lash soaked in brine unless they heed the warning. The notes are invariably signed "W. C. U.," which stands for "Working Class Union," a strong labor organization including negroes and many whites.

on the doors of planters' homes warning them to pay \$1 a hundred pounds for picking cotton and threatening whipping with a lash soaked in brine unless they heed the warning. The notes are invariably signed "W. C. U.," which stands for "Working Class Union," a strong labor organization including negroes and many whites.

on the doors of planters' homes warning them to pay \$1 a hundred pounds for picking cotton and threatening whipping with a lash soaked in brine unless they heed the warning. The notes are invariably signed "W. C. U.," which stands for "Working Class Union," a strong labor organization including negroes and many whites.

on the doors of planters' homes warning them to pay \$1 a hundred pounds for picking cotton and threatening whipping with a lash soaked in brine unless they heed the warning. The notes are invariably signed "W. C. U.," which stands for "Working Class Union," a strong labor organization including negroes and many whites.

on the doors of planters' homes warning them to pay \$1 a hundred pounds for picking cotton and threatening whipping with a lash soaked in brine unless they heed the warning. The notes are invariably signed "W. C. U.," which stands for "Working Class



NEW HAMPSHIRE
FIRE INSURANCE CO.

ALL LIABILITIES EXCEPT CAPITAL \$1,158,884.79
POLICY HOLDERS SURPLUS \$3,356,944.79



Our welding repairs perfectly broken armature shafts, iron and steel castings, cracked boilers, broken gas and steam cylinders, forgings, shafting of all kinds, cast iron gears, castings, etc., in almost all metals and alloys. Our welding is not brazing—it is the freezing of the broken parts into a strong whole—and all the work is done with competent skill and exacting care. Prompt service, reasonable charges.

G. A. TRAFTON,
200 Market St., Portsmouth.
HORSE SHOEING AND JOBBING.



Are you contemplating the purchase of a monument or tablet? We have the only plant in this section equipped for the manufacture of granite, and we are constantly adding new designs to our stock of

GRANITE AND MARBLE MONUMENTS.

Call and See Them.

FRED C. SMALLEY,
CORNER STATE AND WATER STS.
Also Dover, N. H., opp. City Hall.

Insurance
of every description
placed by
C. E. TRAFTON
N. H. Bank Building
in strongest and best
companies only.

Telephone 598 for
FINEST
COLLAR WORK
in New England.
We have the "Last Word"
in collar machinery and
Guarantee to "Make Good."
CENTRAL
STEAM LAUNDRY
Pleasant Street.

TEL. 1041W FOR
OTTO COKE
AND HIGH GRADE
Anthracite Coal
The People's Coal Co.
60 Elwyn Ave.
W. E. HIGGINS, Mgr.
Orders received at Carl & Co's
office will be given prompt attention.

BRITAIN GIVES IN TO AMERICAN TOBACCO MEN

WILL IMPORT TO THE AMOUNT
ADMITTED IN 1914 BEFORE
START OF WAR.

Washington, Sept. 27.—Great Britain has withdrawn regulations for the importation of cigar tobacco which American growers have declared would ruin their business, and authorized imports on the basis of those in 1913, 1914 and 1915.

Consul General Skinner at London called the state department today of the change.

The original regulations governing imports of cigar tobacco between June 1, 1915, and May 31, 1917, were based on the amount that the importer had brought in 1915, a war year in which imports were small. The new order, according to the department of commerce officials, gives authority for virtually normal imports of American tobacco into Great Britain.

The tobacco affected comes largely from Florida, Connecticut, Wisconsin and Pennsylvania.

GREEK GARRISONS JOIN REVOLUTION

NAVAL OFFICERS LEAVE PIRAEUS—RUMOR THE CABINET WILL RESIGN.

London, Sept. 27.—Wholesale defections from the Greek army were reported in Athens dispatches today, hinting that a declaration of war may be expected at any time.

Practically every garrison has joined the revolutionary movement, said one Athens dispatch, and the soldiers

REAL HOME COMFORT Begins With Good Lighting

Insure your own comfort and your family's by looking over your lighting requirements now. For the long winter that's ahead we want to help you select the best light you have ever known.

You know that gas lighting is the most restful for eyes. You know, too, of its dependability and economy. Any effect can be obtained with gas.

PORTSMOUTH GAS CO., ALWAYS AT YOUR SERVICE

are leaving for Salonica. A large number of naval officers have left Pireaus and the Greek cruiser Louchi, reported to be under control of the revolutionists, slipped out of the harbor bound for either Crete or Salonica.

An Exchange Telegraph dispatch from Athens said the cabinet conferred at length on the situation created by ex-Premier Venizelos's departure for Crete and that rumors spread that the cabinet will resign.

THE SILENT WITNESS

Most Powerful Drama Since "Madame X" Presented at Plymouth Theatre, Boston.

"The Silent Witness," a new drama by Otto Hauerbach, was produced at the Plymouth Theatre on Wednesday night, Sept. 27, with great success. Mr. Hauerbach is a prolific writer for the stage, but up to this time he has been known solely to Bostonians for the lighter entertainment he provided. This is his first venture in the realm of the serious drama, and his play has met with success in New York, where it has been running for the last two months. H. H. Frazer produces "The Silent Witness."

There are some big moments in this play, and the story of it revolves around a fatal misunderstanding. The setting is located in a middle western college town. Helen Hastings, the belle of this town, is preparing for her forthcoming wedding with Richard Morgan, one of the students, when news reaches her that her betrothed has been burned to death in a fire in the college dormitory in trying to save the lives of some of his schoolmates. Shocked and almost distraught, the girl suddenly leaves town and goes further west to live on a ranch. There, her sorrow is unknown and it is there that her baby boy is born.

When the boy grows up he is sent to the college where his father was educated. He bears his father's name. He is helping to pay for his tuition by doing odd jobs about the college and is a manly, bright chap, popular with everyone except the class bully, who is the son of one of the college trustees. The class bully dislikes young Morgan so much that he takes it upon himself to look up the boy's parentage and it is soon a subject of gossip. Young Morgan hears this gossip and thrashes the youth who started it. In a fist fight the college bully is needlessly killed.

The boy is placed on trial for murder and the prosecuting attorney for the county is Richard Morgan, his father, high in his profession now and the probable governor of his state at a forthcoming election. The elder Morgan, who didn't die in the college fire, was only slightly injured, never learned what had become of his college sweetheart. Of course he does not know that the boy is his own son, and he does not find it out until the case is in the hands of the jury. He learns the truth from the boy's mother. Then begins a frantic and successful attempt to save the boy, the district attorney ingeniously proving through a blood test, that the supposed murdered victim was an uncle and did not die from a blow. Henry Kolker, a capital actor, plays the part of the district attorney. Emile Poliak acts the role of the boy's mother. Well-known players make up the rest of the cast.

Attributing her many years of good health to the fact that she has never worn a corset in her life, Mrs. Lottie G. Willbank of Georgetown, Del., celebrated her 90th birthday a couple of days ago. Mrs. Willbank has had but very few sick days in her life and at present enjoys the use of all her senses, being able to read and hear as well as any that she.

She boasts that she never in all these years attended a circus or a theatre and has never eaten an egg.

MEETING AT EXETER

The Society of Colonial Wars in the State of New Hampshire, which was adjourned from June 17 will be held at the home of the Order of the Cincinnati in Exeter today. In the afternoon there will be addresses by President Perry and Professor Tufts of Phillips Exeter Academy. Dr. Daniel of Exeter, and an original poem by Rev. Jesse M. Durrell of Tilton.

OPEN FOR BUSINESS TODAY

The new bank in Exeter which was incorporated several months ago opened today for business.

ONE TOUCHDOWN SCORED AGAINST MARINE TEAM

U. S. S. WASHINGTON WON FOOTBALL GAME, 6 TO 2, AT THE NAVY YARD WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON.

The U. S. S. Washington eleven defeated the U. S. M. C. team at the navy yard yesterday afternoon, winning by scoring one touchdown against a safety, the score ending 6 to 2. For the winners: Bayer, Noonan and Bedford excelled; Kelley, Richardson and Miller playing well for the Marines. The summary:

U. S. S. Washington
Noonan, le....., rs, Doll
Hurst, lt....., rs, Soderstrom
Hoffman, lg....., rg, Miller
Brook, c....., c, Britton
Kelley, rg....., lg, Duck
Holmes, rt....., lg, Olson
Weston, re....., le, Kelley
Bayer, re....., qb, Valley
Bedord, thb....., thb, Richardson
Morgan, thb....., thb, Littlewyer
Christy, fb....., fb, Winn

Score U. S. S. Washington 6, U. S. M. C. 2. Touchdown, Bayer. Safety, Richardson. Umpire, Baldwin. Referee, Kennedy. Linesman, Walters and Smith. Time four 10m periods.

WANTED—At once 20 laborers willing to work 9 hours. Apply Hell Bros. Dyer street. ch 3t s28.

WANTED—A tutor in new testament Greek. Address W. M. F. Herald Office. ho sep 27, 3t

WANTED—To rent with view of buying later, separate house of from five to seven rooms; must be in good locality and within city limits. Address, W. L. Herald Office. ho s25, 1t

WANTED—First Class Painters. A. A. Gray & Co. ho s21, 1t

WANTED—Rooms for light housekeeping by man and wife. Private family preferred. Address XYZ, this office.

WANTED—One or two local salesmen that are acquainted in Portsmouth and vicinity, experience unnecessary. Good positions for right parties. For particulars, write C. Herald office. he, tt, a30

FURNITURE MOVING—Both local and long distance, with heavy auto truck and handiers of long experience. Prices moderate. The Portsmouth Furniture Co., cor. Deer and Vaughan streets, near B. & M. depot. ho 161, 1t

**Does not connect for Biddeford, Sanford or Springvale.

**Runs to Ogunquit only.

FOR YORK VILLAGE, YORK HARBOR, YORK BEACH, OQUONQUIT, WELLS, KENNEBUNK, TOWNSEND, BIDDEFORD, KENNEBUNKPORT, CAPE PORPOISE, SANFORD and SPRINGVALE via P. K. & R. D. 6.65, 7.55 a. m. and every hour until 6.55 p. m. Then *1.55, **8.55 p. m. Sundays—First trip 7.55 a. m.

**Runs to Rosemary Junction where passengers are passengers.

FOR KITTERY and KITTERY POINT—6.65, 7.55 a. m. and every half hour until 10.55 p. m. Sundays—First trip 7.55 a. m.

FOR YORK VILLAGE, YORK HARBOR, YORK BEACH, OQUONQUIT, WELLS, KENNEBUNK, TOWNSEND, BIDDEFORD, KENNEBUNKPORT, CAPE PORPOISE, SANFORD and SPRINGVALE via Rosemary—6.65, 7.55 a. m. and every hour until 6.55 p. m. Then *1.55, **8.55 p. m. Sundays—First trip 7.55 a. m.

**Does not connect for Biddeford, Sanford or Springvale.

**Runs to Ogunquit only.

ATLANTIC SHORE RAILWAY.

CEMETERY LOTS

CARED FOR and TURFING

DONE.

With increased facilities the subscribers again are prepared to take charge of and keep in order such lots in any of the cemeteries of the city as may be entrusted to their care. They will also give careful attention to the turfing and grading of them, also the cleaning of monuments and headstones, and the removal of bodies. In addition to work at the cemeteries they will be turfing and grading in the city on short notice.

Cemetery lots for sale; also loans and rents.

Orders, left, of residence, corner of Richards avenue and South street, or by mail with Oliver A. Ham, 54 Market street, will be given prompt attention.

M. J. GRIFFIN & SON

STANTON'S

GARAGE

44 Hanover St.

If your car needs repairs,

let me estimate the expense of

overhaul.

Quick Service and

Reasonable Charges

Personal Supervision of All Work.

A First-Class Service Station.

44 Hanover St.

FRANK M. STANTON, Proprietor.

Tel. 652W.

DECO

REATIONS

FURNISHED FOR ALL OCCASIONS

FOR WEDDINGS AND FUNERALS

R. CAPSTICK

ROGERS STREET.

Dr. Harry J. Cronin

DENTIST

Rooms 17 and 18,

N. H. National Bank Building

HOURS: 9 to 12, 2 to 5.

Evenings by appointment.

Union Meeting, Sunday, October 1

NORTH CHURCH

7.30 P. M.

ALBERT L. SAUNDERS OF SCRANTON, PA.

His story is of great human interest. He is a convert of Billy Sunday, and throws light on the methods and results of Sunday's work. Whether you think you are interested in religion or not you should hear Saunders. Portsmouth is able to hear him because the engagement was made last May. The Baptist, Christian, Congregational and Methodist Churches unite in this service.

COLLISION
ON THE ATLANTIC
SHORE LINE

Two Cars Filled With Navy
Yard Workmen Come To-
gether in Rice's Hollow.

There was a narrow escape from a serious accident on the Atlantic Shore Street railroad shortly before seven o'clock Thursday morning, when two cars containing navy yard workmen from Dover and Eliot came together in a rear end collision in Rice's Hollow near Pierce avenue. The car in

the lead was an open one, No. 58, which had been sent out from the Kittery Point barn in charge of Conductor Fernald to gather up the navy yard workmen along the route from Eliot.

The car following, which left Dover was a closed one, No. 16, in charge of Conductor Sylvan and Motorman Hatch. In making the steep descent from the overhead bridge over the York Harbor and Beach railroad, Motorman Hatch lost control of his car owing to the refusal of the brake to hold, and the car crashed into the open car ahead. The force of the collision was such as to badly damage the woodwork of the forward part of the closed car. The open car was but little damaged. Strange to say, none of the seventy-five workmen on the two cars were injured. The accident blocked the track and for the eight o'clock trip passengers were taken from the Badger's Island Ferry and transferred to another car at the scene of the wreck.

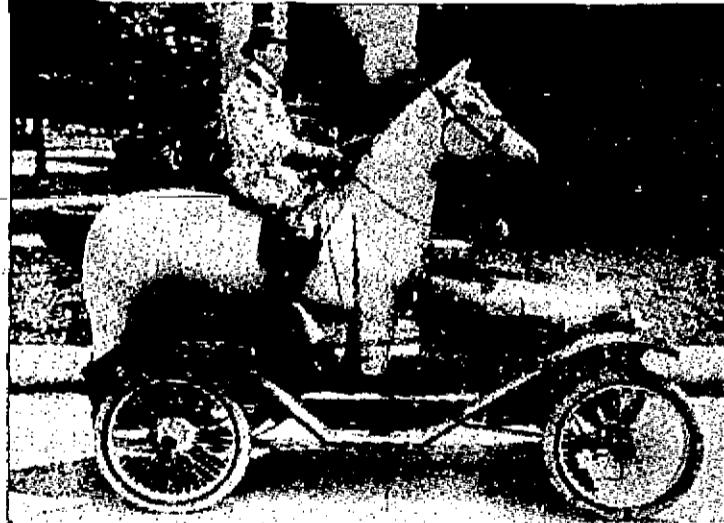
Household Necessities

The Dry Goods Store

has a very important place in furnishing the necessary materials for a family comfort. A careful selection of Seasonable Merchandise will be found in the several departments of

THE D. F. BORTHWICK STORE

"MOXIE HORSEMOBILE"



"A UNIQUE MOXIE PUBLICITY FEATURE"

MOXIE JOE
PLAYS IMPORTANT PART
AT
UNION OF HORSE AND AUTO

A most original and unique ceremony was at the union of the horse and the auto. The officiating Peace Justice delivered a well prepared discourse on the novelty and originality of the same. The horse and the auto were represented by MOXIE JOE.

The Peace Justice asked the horse, "When your Jockey hollers 'whoa' will you stop?" Moxie Joe answered for the horse, "Yes, if you will throw out your clutch, turn off the gas and put on your brake at the same time." The Justice asked the auto, "Will you run true and smooth at all times?" Moxie Joe answered for the auto, "Yes, if you will keep me in good repair and give me plenty of gas." The Justice asked the horse, "Will you always try to keep yourself safe and remain as you are now, and your mind and body sound?" Moxie Joe answered for the horse, "Yes, if you will cause me to be polished, repainted and washed frequently, and mane and tail frequently braided, then you can depend on my looking better than any horse you know." The Justice asked the horse, "Do you adopt this life and union as your life and union?" Moxie Joe answered for the horse, "You bet your life I do." The Justice asked the auto, "Do you take this horse to be your body, both in sun-shine and rain?" Moxie Joe replied for the auto by saying, "I do." The horse was asked, "Will you always be to the

PORTSMOUTH
GOLFERS VISIT
HAVERHILL

Following a Game on the
Links Visitors Are Guests
at Dinner.

Today the members of the Portsmouth Country club meet the Haverhill, Mass., golf team on the latter's links. The Haverhill boys will entertain the players from this city at the close with a dinner. The local teams will be made up of the following: J. M. Washburn, Col. H. C. Taylor, Fred H. Ward, E. C. Tarbell, J. H. Pickering, R. I. Sugden, T. F. Flanagan, R. D. McDonough, C. H. Walker, Ray Peay, J. P. Connor, Dr. J. D. Curtis, H. W. Peay, Alvin N. Redden, J. Winslow Pierce, Edward Gouldy, F. W. Hartford.

HE WANTS TO KNOW.

"Inquisitive" asks a few things which somebody may be able to tell him:

He wants to know when the cold storage plant will be erected on the water front.

When the illuminated signs to advertise the city will be erected?

What becomes of the brass couplings cut from the fire-hose down in the city yard?

When Engine 4 of the fire department will be given a trial of her boiler and machinery?

When the playground will cease to be a cow pasture?

WILL MOVE FROM THIS CITY

Thomas Mullen for the past twelve years a resident of this city, will shortly remove his family to Arlington, Mass., where he has purchased a residence. Mr. Mullen since coming to Portsmouth has had charge of the coal handling plant of James Roughead at the railroad dock and in his departure the city loses a good citizen, who although not a native, took much interest in everything that pertained to Portsmouth and the family will leave with many pleasant memories.

ITS FIRST MEETING

The first annual meeting of the New

Hampshire Board of Trade under its new constitution will be held at Concord on October 17 and will be addressed by Major D. S. Rollins of Newport president of the state manufacturers' association.

PERSONAL
PICKUPS

Miss Blanche L. Fisher has returned from a business trip to Boston.

Miss Ruth Coggswell of Coheset, Mass., is visiting friends in this city.

Thomas A. Ward is in Concord in attendance at the Republican state convention.

Charles A. Towle who is ill with typhoid fever is having a severe run of the fever.

William Day of Exeter was here on Thursday in attendance at the firemen's parade.

Charles Lord of Salmon Falls was the guest of his brother, Winfield S. Lord, on Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Koen of Brooklyn are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. F. A. Pagan of Miller avenue.

Miss Esther Foster, former district nurse of this city, is now filling a similar position at Marion, Ind.

Mrs. Fred Farber of Woodbury avenue has returned from a visit at her former home in Nova Scotia.

Mrs. F. H. Hersey and daughter, Miss Florence Hersey are visiting friends in St. Andrews, N. B.

Rear Admiral Edwin P. Putnam, U. S. N., retired, on Thursday quietly observed another anniversary of his birth.

Miss Dorothy Goldthwaite Thayer is taking a course in Household economics at Simmons and will pass the winter in Boston.

Mrs. Jessie M. Booth has returned from Concord where she has been passing several days with Mr. and Mrs. Henry A. Rowell.

W. F. Harrington and family who have been passing the summer at Ogunquit, Me., returned to their home in Manchester Thursday.

William Green of Lynn, Mass., formerly a foreman at the Portsmouth shoe factory was here on Thursday renewing old acquaintances.

Gordon Woodbury of Bedford, Democratic candidate for congressman in the first district and Thomas Madigan of Manchester were visitors here on Thursday.

Frank W. Rice of South street, who has been restricted to his home for several weeks by illness, is now able to go out, which will be pleasing news to his many friends.

The following members of the Lisbon fire department are here in attendance at the convention: Chief Avery Brown, Fred Smith, Albert Miller, C. L. Bean, Carl Bean.

Mrs. Curtis Hoyt Dickens and daughter, Catherine, who have been the guests of J. Edward Peckering and family, left Thursday for Philadelphia, where they are to pass the winter.

Edwin Ewen, a midshipman at Annapolis, formerly of this city, broke his wrist at football last week. Young Ewen had a fine chance for the squad and this will of course take him out of play for this fall.

On Wednesday three brothers, Stacy Hall of Dorchester, Andrew J. Hall of Leominster and John Q. A. Hall met at Newcastle, this being their first meeting for a number of years. Stacy J. Hall of this city was also present at the gathering.

Earl Bruce, who entered Dartmouth college this Fall has been pledged to the Chi Phi Fraternity. At present he is a leading candidate for second baseman on the 1920 team and bids fair to shine in the Fall Freshman-Sophomore series which begins next week.

Captain W. L. Howard, U. S. N., commandant of the navy yard, Commander J. V. Kleeman, U. S. N., Dr. Furlong, Major Lee, U. S. M. C., Capt. Henry, U. S. M. C., were guests of the local fire department at the luncheon tendered the members of the New Hampshire State Firemen's Association.

The following members of the Dover fire department are attending the New Hampshire Firemen's Relief Association convention: Chief Engineer James Smith, Terrence O'Neill, of Hose company No. 1, William Hersey of Hose No. 2, William Casey of Hose No. 3 and Captain Charles E. Welch of Lincoln Hook and Ladder company No. 1.

Miss Isabel Foster, daughter of Pay Director Joseph Foster, U. S. N., (retired) of this city, who graduated from Bryn Mawr college in 1916, and was last year a student at the School of Journalism, Columbia University, New York City, left on Thursday for Philadelphia, where she will be engaged in work in the Bureau for Social Research of the Seelye Institution, Carol Arnould, Ph. D., Director.

It is also proper to note that at the close of the ceremony the customary kissing of the bride was omitted.

The best men were Mr. Billy Anto-Trix and Mr. Ben Williams. Auto-bridegrooms were Miss Alice Bauchene, Miss Lillian Chaffinch-Groves. The ushers were Mr. Edward Peay, Mr. Welch, Pony, Miss Bronch and Miss Mexican Pony.

The ceremony was managed by Cyclades Horse and Parade Horse.

Flowers were distributed by Mr. and Mrs. Heyeler, Miss Trickey and Mr. Motocycle.

All of the U. S. A.

CITY BRIEFS

Fine weather for the firemen.

Hallibut at Clark's Branch, Tel. 133. The firemen could not have picked a better day.

Fish of all kinds at Clark's Branch, Tel. 133.

The firemen are always favored with fair weather.

Stone crocks from 1 to 30 gallons, at Paul's, 87 Market street.

J. H. Dowd & Co., marble and granite works, 52 Market street.

Isles of Shoals baddeck and mackerel at Clark's Branch, Tel. 133.

Every available room in this city was occupied on Wednesday evening.

Band concert tonight on Market Square by the Portsmouth City Band.

Fruit jars and preserving kettles at low prices, at Paul's, 87 Market street.

Do not fail to hear "Al" Saunders at the North church on Sunday evening.

A fine time to see the White Mountains. Special excursion train on Friday.

Best quality fruit jar rubbers at 7c per dozen, Saturday, at Paul's, 87 Market street.

Numerous politicians from the other end of the state were in the limelight here today.

Lobsters and fish of all kinds caught by our own boats, fresh every day. E. J. Jameson & Sons. Tel. 246.

The platoon of police headed by Deputy Chief Duckier was certainly a fine looking body of men.

Antique and modern furniture upholstered. Hair mattresses renovated. Morgan Bros. Tel. 570, R. B. 6, 11.

Trimmed and untrimmed hats at Miss F. M. Gardner's, 152 Vaughan street, beginning Friday and Saturday Sept. 29-30.

FOR SALE—The Rutledge Library, newly equipped with modern machinery ready to do business. For particulars address A. J. Rutledge, 26 Potter street.

IS STILL ON THE SICK LIST

The hearing before the supreme court in the matter of the George V. Hill disbarment proceedings which was scheduled Wednesday at Concord was postponed until a later date, owing to the illness of Mr. Hill.

OUTING AT RYE

The King's Daughters of Epping are having an outing today at Rye North Beach as the guests of Mrs. F. P. Knox.

FUNERAL NOTICE

The funeral of Frank A. Johnson will be held from his late home on Hanover street, Friday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Friends invited.

The Herald contains all of the foreign as well as local news.

FOR SALE

House with 7 rooms and barn with good lot. Price \$1,200.

Double House with 7 rooms on each side. Excellent investment to live in one side and rent the other. Price \$3,500.

Middle Street house, 11 room house with bath, gas, furnace, large lot with stable. Price, \$5,500.

BUTLER & MARSHALL,
REAL ESTATE

5 MARKET STREET.

For Sale

Something new in Real Estate. The latest model two-flat house. Each flat has its own bath and heater. Electric lights, hardwood floors. One on Broad street is ready for inspection.

Brick House of 14 rooms and two baths; steam heat; gas light; large lot; barn and garage. Would make an excellent boarding house, being about two minutes from the Postoffice.

Small Farm of 50 acres (tilage and pasture), 100 apple and 50 peach trees. House nearly new. Has running water and toilet. About two miles from Market square.

OBITUARY

Mrs. Aylil Reine Montgomery died in Boston after a short illness of pneumonia. Aylil Reine, wife of Clarence E. Montgomery and oldest daughter of the late Henry Pharrer, all formerly of Portsmouth. Burial will be in this city and will be private.



We are "strong" with fifteen dollar suites. In young men's models we show some wonderfully snappy ones, including the smartest of pinch-back styles. Notwithstanding the "ballooning" of prices in these times we have never shown better values at this price. In men's models we show them with youthful lines and in fabrics that give "that vigorous look" to the wearer. The showing is at its best now.

Henry Peyser & Son

Selling the Togs of the Period.

The Packard Piano



like the Packard Shoe and the Packard Automobile, is known to be of the very highest quality in every detail of its construction.

Ask a Packard owner.

Packard pianos are renowned for their superlative excellence and durability, and are sold by

MONTGOMERY'S
Music Store

OPPOSITE POSTOFFICE.

PORSCHE, N. H.

USE
Keystone Grease

In your Automobile and Avoid Trouble.

No. 1A Hard in the grease cups.

No. 3A Soft in the gears.

This grease is not affected by the temperature.

Pryor-Davis Co.

At the Old Hardware Shop—36 Market St.
Telephone 509.

Portsmouth, N. H.

OLYMPIA THEATRE

Wednesday and Thursday

Paramount Pictures—Oliver Morosco offers
The World Famous

ANNA HELD